

Correction: Lipolysis-stimulated lipoprotein receptor overexpression is a novel predictor of poor clinical prognosis and a potential therapeutic target in gastric cancer

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This article has been corrected: In Figure 1C, the image in row 2, column 2 is an accidental duplicate of the image in row 2, column 4. The corrected Figure 1C, produced using the original data, is shown below. The authors declare that these corrections do not change the results or conclusions of this paper.

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C

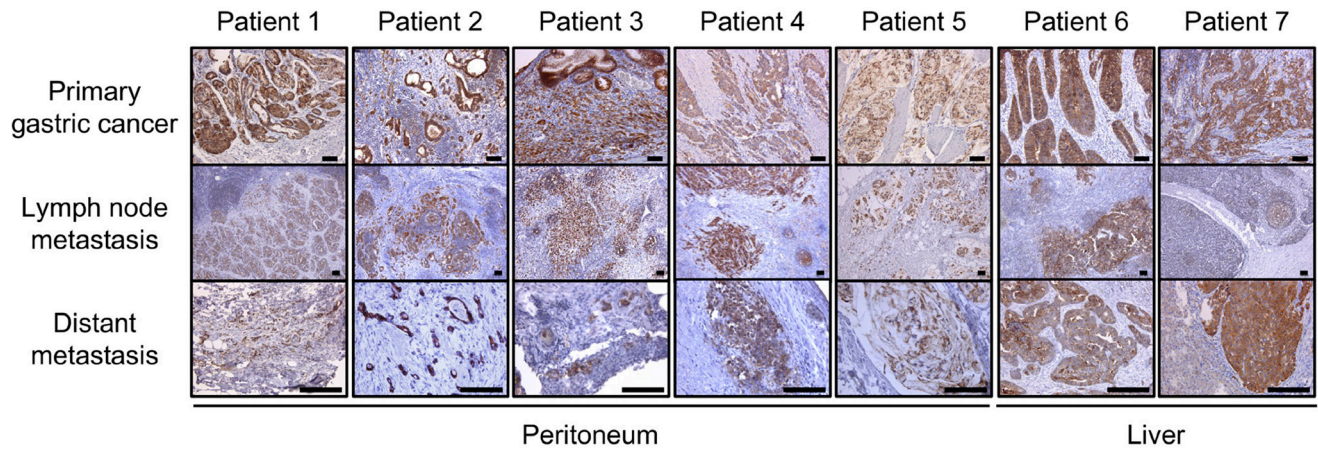


Figure 1: Immunohistochemical (IHC) staining for lipolysis-stimulated lipoprotein receptor (LSR) in gastric cancer (GC) patient samples. (C) Primary GC, lymph node metastasis, and distant metastasis (peritoneum and liver) of 7 patients with GC.